PROXIMITY INDEX

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Proximity index = $\dfrac{\text{maximum } d}{h}$
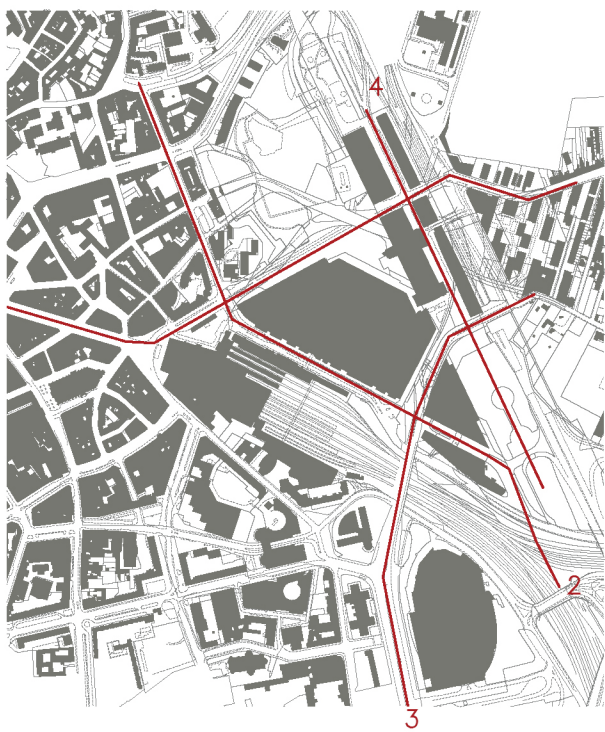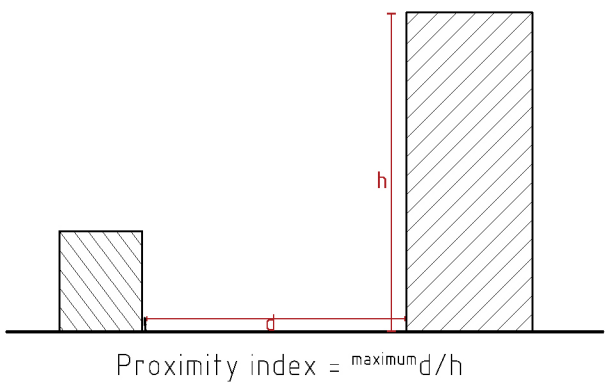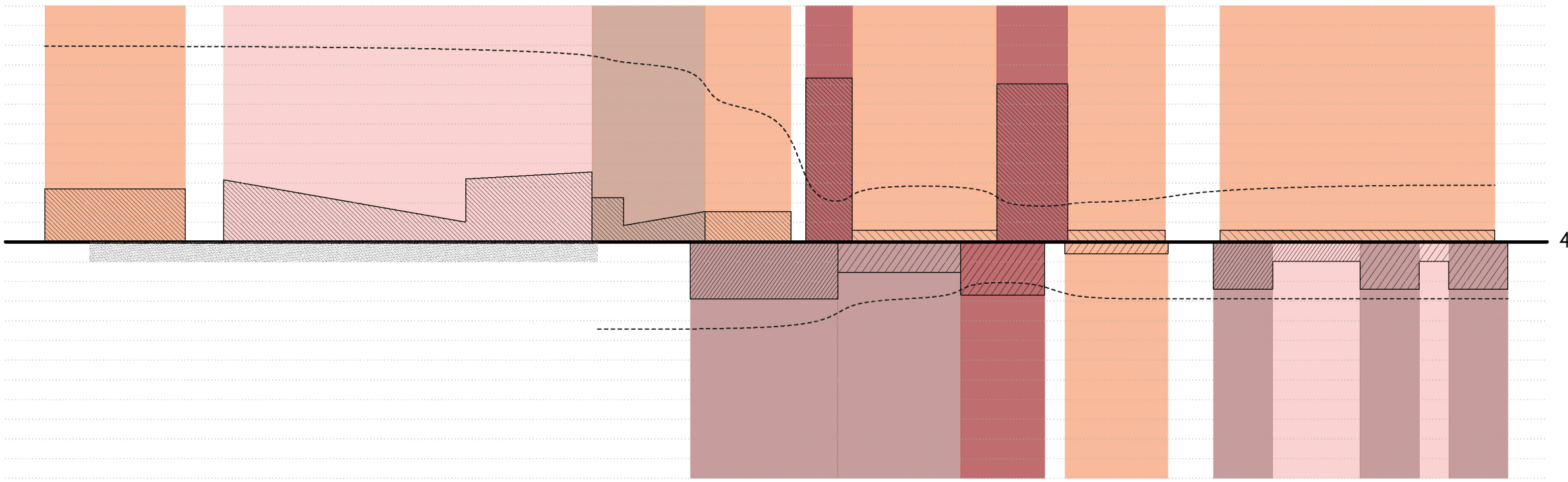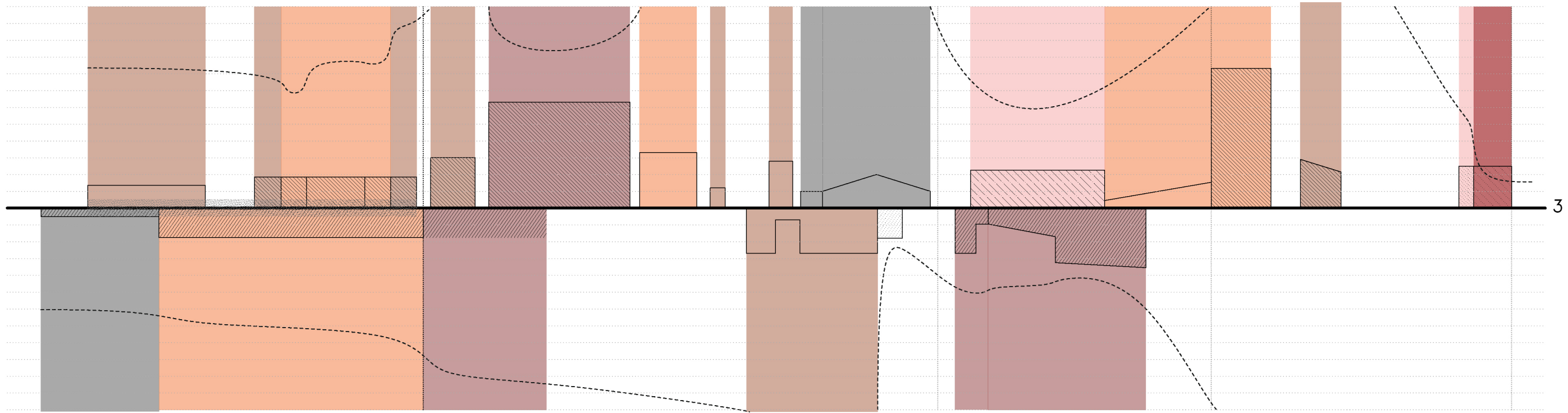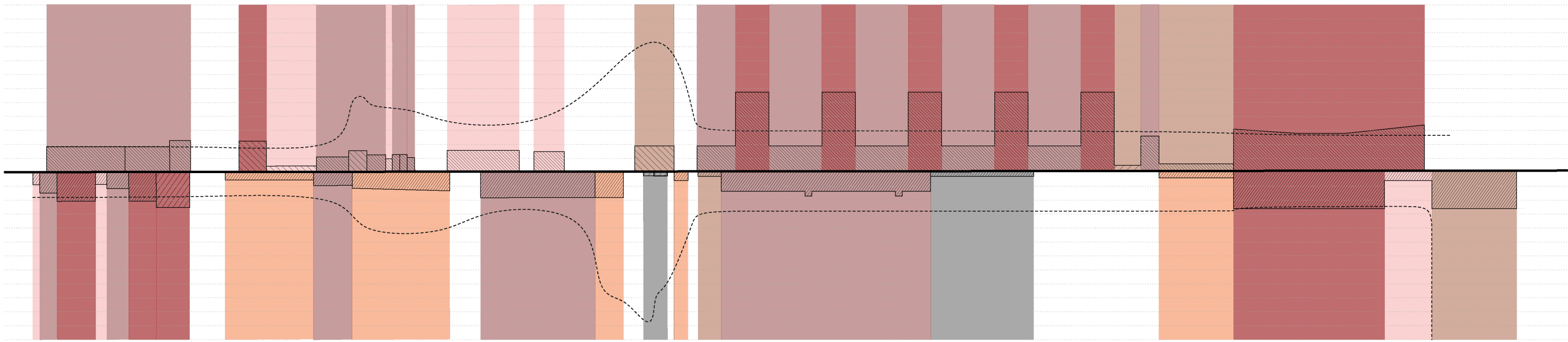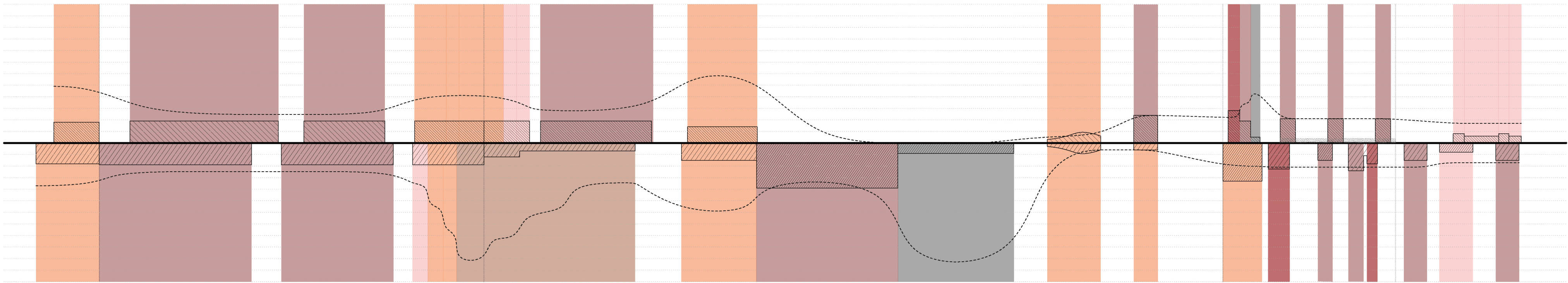
Legend:
- <1
- 1 – 2
- 2 – 3
- 3 – 5
- 5 – 10
- > 10
- Closed facade groundfloor
- Open facade groundfloor
- Trees as visual barrier
- Distance

LA SECTIONS | Urban tomography

This tomography shows an analysis for 4 sections on the surroundings of Euralille 1. The marker used was the proximity index, a ratio between maximum distance and building height. Maximum distance is considered the longest length between a person and a building, considering the context and proximity. By using this marker was intended to identify which buildings have an stronger impact on the ground floor and which can be perceived at a long distance view.

On the sections the ticker line represents the street and on top and beneath it there are abstract elevations of the right and left sides and the hatches indicates the kind of façade at the ground floor. The colors point out the different values according to the ratio distance/height. Low values present the areas where human dimension should be strongly considered due to the proximity between the building and the passer-by. In order to provide an idea about the street profile, a discontinued line notes the maximum distance, it reveals that a low value can be product of a high building in front of a small street or a big space in front of a small building.